Program Overview
Psychology aims at giving students an understanding of the human mind and behavior. We offer Major and Honours programs that emphasize Psychology as an objective science, cover the various subfields of Psychology and allow the students who desire to do so to gain specialization into specific areas of interest. We also offer a Minor in Psychology, a Minor in Mindfulness and Contemplative Studies, a one-year Certificate in Human Psychology, as well as Graduate Certificate in Knowledge Mobilization, 15-credit program including practicum.

Within this general framework, we offer an array of courses that apply the psychological approach to a wide range of topics. We emphasize quality of teaching and a close relationship between professors and students. A fundamental concern of the Department is to provide an education that not only prepares students for further training in Psychology and related fields at the graduate level, but also enables them to be active, contributing members to their communities.

Mission Statement
The Psychology Department dedicates itself to understanding and supporting our shared journey towards a well-lived life. Our approach, therefore, takes seriously the literary voice of others cast across time. We explore the pathways into human condition by cultivating openness to scientific methodology, and to clinical, humanistic, as well as neuropsychological perspectives. Encouraging ways of breaking out of the classroom in the hope of making the lives of others better is as much a part of our mission as conducting a study, reading Plato, or deciphering an fMRI report. Our goal is to nurture within our students an intimacy with the human condition that changes them while, at the same time, providing them with the means of making their communities better.

Prerequisites
Note that all prerequisites can be completed at Bishop’s.
All our programs include two Introduction to Psychology prerequisites (PSY 101 and PSY 102). Our Majors/Honours programs also include an Introductory Biology (BIO 196/BIL 196 or BIO 194) prerequisite. These courses must be completed within the first three semesters of study. These prerequisites will be waived for students who have completed CEGEP courses in Psychology (Introductory Psychology and two other Psychology courses) and Human Biology. Our psychology – neuroscience program includes additional science prerequisites; these will be waived for CEGEP science students.

Psychology Programs
Please note that the complete list of courses to be taken within each program is outlined in the table on the next page.
Honours and Major in Psychology  
(60 and 78 credits)  
HONPSY/MAJPSY  
This classic program is our most flexible and most popular. The Major includes 24 credits of Core Courses and 30 credits of Psychology options for a total of 54 credits. The Honours adds an additional 18 credits of Core Courses for a total of 72 credits.  

Special Requirements for Honours  
To qualify for an Honours program, students must have a cumulative average of at least 80% in program courses. Students must also achieve a combined average of at least 75% in PSY 313 (Advanced Research Methods) and PMA 360 (Advanced Psychological Statistics). Eligible students will officially transfer into Honours after the acceptance of their Thesis proposal in the Fall term of their final year.  

Major in Psychology – Humanistic Concentration  
(54 credits)  
MAJPSH  
This program is our most flexible and is designed for the student looking to truly benefit from the liberal arts experience, while completing a major in psychology. The major includes 39 credits of Core courses and 15 credits of options, for a total of 54 credits. Students coming from CEGEP may receive advanced credits for PSY 101, PSY 102 and PMA 113, reducing the Core credits count to 30.  

Honours or Major in Psychology –  
Applied Concentration  
(69 and 93 credits)  
HONPSA/MAJPSA  
This program emphasizes the applied/clinical side of Psychology. The Major includes 24 credits of Core Courses and 33 credits of courses specific to the Applied concentration for a total of 57 credits. The Honours adds an additional 18 credits of Core Courses and an additional 6 credits of Honours courses specific to the Applied concentration for a total of 81 credits.  

Honours or Major in Psychology –  
Neuroscience Concentration  
(B.Sc.; 81 or 102 credits)  
HONPNS/MAJPNS  
This program focuses on the physiological aspects of Psychology and the brain-behavior relationship. To complete the neuroscience program within three years, Quebec students should enter with a collegial diploma in science (D.E.C.), that includes Mathematics 201-NYA-05, 201-NYB-05, Physics 203-NYA-05, 203-NYB-05, Chemistry 202-NYA-05, 202-NYB-05, and Biology 101-NYA-05. Students entering from other CEGEP programs or from Grade 12 will be required to complete science prerequisites prior to undertaking the neuroscience major and will usually complete the degree in four years. The major includes 39 credits of core courses and 15 credits of Psychology and Science options for a total of 54 credits. The Honours adds an additional 18 credits for a total of 72 credits.  

Minor in Psychology  
(24 credits)  
MINPSY  
The Minor involves completing any 8 courses in Psychology. This flexible and popular program has been joined with Majors/Honours in almost every discipline offered at Bishop’s. The most popular and most useful combinations include, among others: Biology, Political Studies, Sociology, Business, Philosophy, English and Education.
Minor in Mindfulness and Contemplative Studies (24 credits) **MINPMC**

This program provides students with a platform to investigate the psychological, philosophical, and scientific bases of human contemplative experience. It will prepare students who are thinking about clinical work using mindfulness-based interventions; those who are planning research in the area of contemplative neuroscience; as well as those who want to deepen the understanding of themselves and the world they live in. This is an interdisciplinary Minor, involving courses in Psychology and Humanities, to facilitate exploration of human consciousness, nature of self, and life meaning. It requires 8 courses (24 credits), two of which are mandatory (PSY 298 & PSY 420). The remaining six courses can be chosen from a pre-selected list of courses from a wide range of departments listed below:

A. Psychology
PSY 298 – Zen & the Brain (mandatory)
PSY 303 – Positive Psychology
PSY 408 – Psychology of Consciousness
PSY 410 – Psychology of Death & Dying
PSY 420 – Contemplative Practicum (mandatory)
PSY 292 – Psychology of Music and the Fine Arts

B. Religion, Society and Culture
RSC 101 – Eastern Religions
RSC 124 – Hinduism: The Many Faces of the Divine
RSC 125 – Buddhism: The Middle Way
RSC 148 – Psychology of Religion
RSC 236 – Death & Dying in the Ancient World

C. Liberal Arts
LIB 216 – The Divine & Ultimate Concern
LIB 303 – On the Road Again: Pilgrimage in Theory and Practice

D. Philosophy
PHI 201 – Medieval Philosophy
PHI 263 – Hegel
PHI 271 – Socrates and Plato
PHI 272 – Aristotle
PHI 354 – The Philosophy of Contemplation
PHI 374 – Spinoza

E. Fine Arts
FIS 169 – Drawing I
FIS 170 – Sculpture I
FIS 181 – Painting I
FIN 222 – Art Therapy

F. Music
MUS 108 – Choral & Sacred Music
MUS 110 – The Art of Listening I
MUS 111 – The Art of Listening II

G. Other
DRA 131 – Acting I
BIO 111 – Organic Gardening

Certificate in Human Psychology (30 credits) **CONPSH**

This one-year program is designed for adult students. It has particular relevance for teachers, health or social workers, and managers. It involves taking 10 psychology courses that relate to human behavior.
## B.A. Psychology
Complete the Core, Humanities, Biology, Physiology, Cognition & Motivation, Development, and Social blocks (60 credits)

### Core
- PSY 101 Introduction to Psy. I
- PSY 102 Introduction to Psy. II
- PCS 207 Cognition
- PSY 206 Personality
- PSY 213 Research Methods
- LIB 218 Hist. & Phil. of Science
- PSY 245 Fund. Social Psychology
- PMA 260 Psychological Statistics
- PBI 288 Brain & Behaviour
- PSY 342 History of Psychology
- PMA 353 Psychometrics
- PMA 360 Advanced Statistics

### Plus, at least one of:
- PSY 301 Abnormal Psychology
- PSY 311 Psychopathology

### Humanities (at least 1)
- LIB 210 Eros, Love & Desire
- LIB 212 In Search of Justice
- LIB 217 Towards Spatial Justice
- RSC 100 Western Religions
- RSC 101 Eastern Religions
- RSC 148 Psychology of Religion
- RSC 204 Women in Religion
- CLA 100 Food, Comm & Culture
- CLA 102 Ancient Greece: Hist/Cult.
- CLA 112 Ancient Greek Mythology
- CLA 250 Sex in the Ancient World
- PHI 100 On the Way to the Good
- PHI 101 On Thinking Well
- PHI 105 Freedom, Anxiety, Auth.
- PHI 244 Philosophy of Mind
- ENG 205 The Art of Persuasion
- FIH 240 Art, Popular Culture

### Biology (at least 1)
- BIO 131 The Human Body
- BIO 194 General Biology
- BIO/L 196 Intro. Cell & Mol. Biology

### Physiology (at least 1)
- PBI 379 Neuropsychology
- PBI 380 Psychopharmacology
- PBI 388 Brain & Behaviour II

### Cognition & Motivation (at least 1)
- PSY 203 Cognition & Motiv. Sports
- PBI 217 Motivation & Emotion
- PSY 302 Perception
- PCS 307 Cognitive Processes
- PSY 370 Learning & Memory
- PSY 386 Psychology of Language

### Development (at least 1)
- PSY 266 Adult Aging
- PSY 290 Adolescence
- PSY 333 Exceptional Child Dev.
- PSY 348 Social Development*

### Social (at least 1)
- PSY 204 Social Psy. of Sports
- PSY 214 Community Psychology
- PSY 219 Psychology of Gender
- PSY 246 Social Psychology II
- PSY 293 Multicultural Psychology
- PSY 348 Social Development*
- PSY 330 Psychology and Ethics

* This course can contribute to only one block

### Honours Option
*(18 additional credits)*
- PSY 313 Adv. Research Methods or PSY462 Qualitative Methods
- PSY 443 History of Psy. Seminar
- PSY 498 Honours Seminar
- PSY 499 Honours Thesis (6 credits)
- PMA 460 Multivariate Statistics

The Honours adds 18 credits, for a total of 78 credits. To qualify for the Honours option, students must have a cumulative average of at least 80% in their major courses. Students must also achieve a combined average of at least 75% between PSY 313 and PMA 360 or at least 75% between PSY462 (Qualitative Methods) and PMA360.

*(See page 232 for additional details)*

### Typical First Year
**From CEGEP**
- **Fall:** PSY 206, PMA 260, PSY 235, PBI 288, Elective or Biology block
- **Winter:** PCS 207, PSY 301 or PSY 311, PSY 213, PMA 360, Elective or Biology block

**From High School**
- **Fall:** PSY 101, PSY 102, Elective or Humanities block, Elective or Biology block, Elective
- **Winter:** PSY 206, PBI 288, PCS 207, Elective or Humanities block, Elective or Biology block

### Typical Second Year
**From CEGEP**
- **Fall:** PSY 245, Development block, Elective or Humanities block, Cognition or Physiology block, LIB 218 or Elective
- **Winter:** PMA 353, Social block, Cognition or Physiology block, Elective or LIB 218, Elective

**From High School**
- **Fall:** PMA 260, PSY 301 or PSY 311, PSY 235, PSY 245, Elective
- **Winter:** PSY 213, PMA 360, Development block, Cognition or Physiology block, Elective

### Typical Third Year
**From CEGEP**
- **Fall:** PSY 342, Elective or Humanities block, plus 3 Electives
- **Winter:** 5 Electives

**From High School**
- **Fall:** LIB 218 or Elective, Cognition or Physiology block, Social block, plus 2 Electives
- **Winter:** PMA 353, Elective or LIB 218, plus 3 Electives

### Typical Fourth Year
**From High School**
- **Fall:** PSY 342, plus 4 Electives
- **Winter:** 5 Electives
### B.A. Psychology – Humanistic
Complete the Core, Humanities, and Biology blocks, plus two Free Options (54 credits)

#### Core
- PHI 100: On the Way to the Good
- PSY 101: Introduction to Psy. I
- PSY 102: Introduction to Psy. II
- PMA 113: Data Collect. & Analysis*
- PCS 207: Cognition
- PSY 206: Personality
- LIB 218: Hist. & Phil. of Science
- PSY 235: Child Development
- PSY 245: Fund. Social Psychology
- Plus, at least one of:
  - PSY 301: Abnormal Psychology
  - PSY 311: Psychopathology
* Or SOC 110, or PMA 260+PSY 213

#### Humanities (at least 2)
- LIB 210: Eros, Love & Desire
- LIB 212: In Search of Justice
- LIB 217: Towards Spatial Justice
- RSC 100: Western Religions
- RSC 101: Eastern Religions
- RSC 148: Psychology of Religion
- RSC 204: Women in Religion
- CLA 100: Food, Comm & Culture
- CLA 112: Ancient Greek Mythology
- CLA 250: Sex in the Ancient World
- PHI 101: On Thinking Well
- PHI 244: Philosophy of Mind
- ENG 205: The Art of Persuasion
- FIH 240: Art, Popular Culture

#### Biology (at least 1)
- BIO 131: The Human Body
- BIO 194: General Biology
- BIO/L 196: Intro. Cell & Mol. Biology

#### Free Options (at least 2)
- ECO 105: Behavioural Economics
- EDU 203: Educational Psychology
- EDU 212: Mind, Brain & Education
- BHR 221: Organizational Behaviour
- PBI XXX: Any PBI course
- PCS XXX: Any PCS course
- PMA XXX: Any PMA course
- PSY XXX: Any PSY course

### Honours Option
There is no Honours option for this major. If you wish to become an Honours student, you will need to change to one of the other major options. Be aware as well that PMA 113 only counts toward the B.A. Psychology – Humanistic; if you are considering changing majors to pursue an Honours option in the future, it is recommended that you take PMA 260 plus PSY 213 rather than PMA 113.

### Typical First Year
#### From CEGEP
- **Fall**: PHI 100 or PHI 105, PSY 206, PSY 235, PBI 288, Elective or Biology block
- **Winter**: PCS 207, PSY 301 or PSY 311, Elective or Biology block, Elective or Humanities block, Elective

#### From High School
- **Fall**: PSY101, PSY 102, PHI 100 or PHI 105, and 2 Electives and/or Biology block
- **Winter**: PSY 206, PBI 288, PCS 207, PBI 113, and Elective or Humanistic or Biology block

### Typical Second Year
#### From CEGEP
- **Fall**: PHI 100 or PHI 105, PSY 245, LIB 218 or Elective, Free Options block or Elective, Elective or Humanities block
- **Winter**: Free Options block or Elective, Elective or LIB 218, plus 3 Electives

#### From High School
- **Fall**: PHI 100 or PHI 105, PSY 235, PSY 245, PSY 301 or PSY 311, LIB 218 or Elective
- **Winter**: Humanities block, Free Options block or Elective, Elective or LIB 218, plus 3 Electives

### Typical Third Year
#### From CEGEP
- **Fall**: PSY 342, plus 4 Electives
- **Winter**: 5 Electives

#### From High School
- **Fall**: Free Options block or Elective, plus 4 Electives
- **Winter**: 5 Electives

### Typical Fourth Year
#### From High School
- **Fall**: PSY 342, plus 4 Electives
- **Winter**: 5 Electives
### B.A. Psychology - Pre-Clinical
Completed the Core, Humanities, Biology, Physiology, Cognition & Motivation, Development, Social and Applications blocks (69 credits)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Core</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>PSY 101</td>
<td>Introduction to Psy. I</td>
<td>PSY 102</td>
<td>Introduction to Psy. II</td>
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<tr>
<td>PCS 207</td>
<td>Cognition</td>
<td>PSY 206</td>
<td>Personality</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PSY 213</td>
<td>Research Methods</td>
<td>PSY 235</td>
<td>Child Development</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PSY 245</td>
<td>Fund. Social Psychology</td>
<td>PMA 260</td>
<td>Psychological Statistics</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PBI 288</td>
<td>Brain &amp; Behaviour</td>
<td>PSY 342</td>
<td>History of Psychology</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PMA 353</td>
<td>Psychometrics</td>
<td>PMA 360</td>
<td>Advanced Statistics</td>
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* Plus, at least one of:*
  - PSY 301 | Abnormal Psychology |
  - PSY 311 | Psychopathology |

### Humanities (at least one of)

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<tr>
<th>Humanities</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>LIB 210</td>
<td>Eros, Love &amp; Desire</td>
<td>LIB 212</td>
<td>In Search of Justice</td>
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<tr>
<td>LIB 217</td>
<td>Towards Spatial Justice</td>
<td>RSC 100</td>
<td>Western Religions</td>
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<tr>
<td>RSC 101</td>
<td>Eastern Religions</td>
<td>RSC 148</td>
<td>Psychology of Religion</td>
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<tr>
<td>RSC 204</td>
<td>Women in Religion</td>
<td>CLA 100</td>
<td>Food, Comm &amp; Culture</td>
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<tr>
<td>CLA 102</td>
<td>Ancient Greece: Hist/Cult.</td>
<td>CLA 112</td>
<td>Ancient Greek Mythology</td>
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<tr>
<td>CLA 250</td>
<td>Sex in the Ancient World</td>
<td>PHI 100</td>
<td>On the Way to the Good</td>
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<td>PHI 101</td>
<td>On Thinking Well</td>
<td>PHI 105</td>
<td>Freedom, Anxiety, Auth.</td>
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<tr>
<td>PHI 244</td>
<td>Philosophy of Mind</td>
<td>ENG 205</td>
<td>The Art of Persuasion</td>
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<tr>
<td>FIH 240</td>
<td>Art, Popular Culture</td>
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### Biology (at least 1)

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<thead>
<tr>
<th>Biology</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>BIO 131</td>
<td>The Human Body</td>
<td>BIO 194</td>
<td>General Biology</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BIO/L 196</td>
<td>Intro. Cell &amp; Mol. Biology</td>
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### Physiology (at least 1)

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<tr>
<th>Physiology</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>PBI 379</td>
<td>Neuropsychology</td>
<td>PBI 380</td>
<td>Psychopharmacology</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PBI 388</td>
<td>Brain &amp; Behaviour II</td>
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### Cognition & Motivation (at least 1)

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<tr>
<th>Cognition &amp; Motivation</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>PSY 203</td>
<td>Cognition &amp; Motiv. Sports</td>
<td>PBI 217</td>
<td>Motivation &amp; Emotion</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PSY 302</td>
<td>Perception</td>
<td>PSC 307</td>
<td>Cognitive Processes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PSY 370</td>
<td>Learning &amp; Memory</td>
<td>PSY 386</td>
<td>Psychology of Language</td>
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### Development (at least 1)

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<th>Development</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>PSY 266</td>
<td>Adult Aging</td>
<td>PSY 290</td>
<td>Adolescence</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PSY 333</td>
<td>Exceptional Child Dev.</td>
<td>PSY 348</td>
<td>Social Development*</td>
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</table>

### Social (at least 1)

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<tr>
<th>Social</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>PSY 204</td>
<td>Social Psy. of Sports</td>
<td>PSY 214</td>
<td>Community Psychology*</td>
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<tr>
<td>PSY 219</td>
<td>Psychology of Gender</td>
<td>PSY 246</td>
<td>Social Psychology II</td>
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<tr>
<td>PSY 293</td>
<td>Multicultural Psychology</td>
<td>PSY 348</td>
<td>Social Development*</td>
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### Applications (at least 4)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Applications</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>PSY 210</td>
<td>Psychology of the Couple</td>
<td>PSY 214</td>
<td>Community Psychology*</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PSY 222</td>
<td>Group Therapy</td>
<td>PSY 277</td>
<td>Physical &amp; Mental Health</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PBI 275</td>
<td>Health Psychology I</td>
<td>PSY 292</td>
<td>Psy. of Music &amp; Fine Arts</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PBI 276</td>
<td>Health Psychology II</td>
<td>PSY 298</td>
<td>Zen and the Brain</td>
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<tr>
<td>PSY 303</td>
<td>Positive Psychology</td>
<td>PSY 306</td>
<td>Adv. Theories Personality</td>
</tr>
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<td>PSY 322</td>
<td>Dance/Movement Therapy</td>
<td>PSY 330</td>
<td>Psychology and Ethics</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PBI 327</td>
<td>Psychology of Nutrition</td>
<td>PSY 336</td>
<td>Interviewing</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PSY 337</td>
<td>Crisis Intervention</td>
<td>PSY 339</td>
<td>Madness &amp; Film:</td>
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</table>

*Courses contribute to only one block*

### Honours Option

(24 additional credits)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Honours Option</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>PSY 313</td>
<td>Adv. Research Methods or PSY 462 Qualitative Methods</td>
<td>PSY 441</td>
<td>Adv. Applied Seminar</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PSY 442</td>
<td>Practicum</td>
<td>PSY 443</td>
<td>History of Psy. Seminar</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PSY 498</td>
<td>Honours Seminar</td>
<td>PSY 499</td>
<td>Honours Thesis (6 credits)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PMA 460</td>
<td>Multivariate Statistics</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

To qualify for the Honours option, students must have a cumulative average of at least 80% in their major courses. Students must also achieve a grade of at least 75% in PSY 336 and a combined average of at least 75% between PSY 313 and PMA 360 or at least a 75% between PSY 462(Qualitative Methods) and PMA360.

*(See page 242 for additional details)*

### Typical First Year

**From CEGEP**

**Fall:** PSY 206, PMA 260, PSY 235, PBI 288, Elective or Biology block

**Winter:** PCS 207, PSY 301 or PSY 311, PSY 213, PMA 360, Elective or Biology block

**From High School**

**Fall:** PSY 101, PSY 102, Elective or Humanities block, Elective or Biology block, Elective

**Winter:** PSY 206, PBI 288, PCS 207, Elective or Humanities block, Elective or Biology block

### Typical Second Year

**From CEGEP**

**Fall:** PSY 245, Applications block, Development block, Cognition or Physiology block, Elective or Humanities block

**Winter:** PMA 353, Social block, Cognition or Physiology block, PSY 336 or Applications block, Elective

**From High School**

**Fall:** PMA 260, PSY 301 or PSY 311, PSY 235, PSY 245, Elective

**Winter:** PSY 213, PMA 360, Development block, Cognition or Physiology block, Elective

### Typical Third Year

**From CEGEP**

**Fall:** PSY 342, Applications block, Elective or Humanities block, plus 2 Electives

**Winter:** Applications block, 4 Electives

**From High School**

**Fall:** Cognition or Physiology block, Social block, Applications block, Elective

**Winter:** PMA 353, PSY 336 or Applications block, plus 3 Electives
Typical Fourth Year
From High School
Fall: PSY 342, Applications block, plus 3 Electives
Winter: Applications block, 4 Electives

B.Sc. Psychology - Neuroscience
Complete the Core, Humanities, Cognitive Science, and Natural Science blocks
(81 credits)

Core
PSY 101 Introduction to Psy. I
PSY 102 Introduction to Psy. II
CHM/L 191 General Chemistry I
CHM/L 192 General Chemistry II
PHY/L 193 Physics I
PHY/L 194 Physics II
BIO/L 196 Intro. Cell & Mol. Biology
MAT 198 Calculus I for Life Sci.
MAT 199 Calculus II for Life Sci.
BIO 201 Cellular Molecular Bio.
PCS 207 Cognition
PSY 206 Personality
BIO/L 208 Genetics
PSY 213 Research Methods
PMA 260 Psychological Statistics
PBI 288 Brain & Behaviour
PCS 309 Intro. Python for Research
PMA 360 Advanced Statistics
PBI 379 Neuropsychology
PBI 380 Psychopharmacology
PBI 388 Brain & Behaviour II

Plus, at least one of:
PSY 301 Abnormal Psychology
PSY 311 Psychopathology

Humanities (at least 1)
LIB 210 Eros, Love & Desire
LIB 212 In Search of Justice
LIB 217 Towards Spatial Justice
RSC 100 Western Religions
RSC 101 Eastern Religions
RSC 148 Psychology of Religion
RSC 204 Women in Religion
CLA 100 Food, Comm & Culture
CLA 102 Ancient Greece: Hist/Cult.
CLA 112 Ancient Greek Mythology
CLA 250 Sex in the Ancient World
PHI 100 On the Way to the Good
PHI 101 On Thinking Well
PHI 105 Freedom, Anxiety, Auth.
PHI 244 Philosophy of Mind
ENG 205 The Art of Persuasion
FIH 240 Art, Popular Culture

Cognitive Science (at least 1)
PSY 302 Perception
PCS 307 Cognitive Processes
PSY 370 Learning & Memory
PSY 386 Psychology of Language

Natural Science (at least 3)
CHM 111 Organic Chemistry
BIO/L 205 Diversity of Life
BCH 210 General Biochemistry
BCH 312 Lipids & Biomembranes
BCH 313 Metabolism
BIO 336 Animal Physiology I
BIO/L 337 Animal Physiology II
BIO 359 Human Genetics
BCH 382 Biochem. & Toxicology
BCH 411 Molecular Biology

Honours Option
(21 additional credits)
PSY 313 Adv. Research Methods or
PSY462 Qualitative Methods
PSY 443 History of Psy. Seminar
PMA 353 Psychometrics
PSY 498 Honours Seminar
PSY 499 Honours Thesis (6 credits)
PMA 460 Multivariate Statistics

The Honours adds 21 credits, for a total
of 102 credits. To qualify for the Honours
option, students must have a cumulative
average of at least 80% in their major
courses. Students must also achieve
a combined average of at least 75%
between PSY 313 and PMA 360 or at
least a 75% between PSY462(Qualitative
Methods) and PMA360..

Potential Honours students are advised
to take PMA 353 before their final year.
(See page 232 for additional details)

Typical First Year
From CEGEP (Science)
Fall: BIO 201, PSY 206, PMA 260,
PBI 288, Elective
Winter: PSY 102, PCS 207, BIO 208,
BIL 208, PSY 213, PMA 360

From CEGEP (Other)
Fall: PBI 288, CHM 191, CHL 191,
PHY 193, PHL 193, BIO 196, BIL 196,
MAT 198
Winter: PSY 102, CHM 192, CHL 192,
PHY 194, PHL 194, MAT 199, PCS 207

From High School
Fall: PSY 101, CHM 191, CHL 191,
PHY 193, PHL 193, BIO 196, BIL 196,
MAT 198
Winter: PSY 102, CHM 192, CHL 192,
PHY 194, PHL 194, MAT 199, PBI 288

Typical Second Year
From CEGEP (Science)
Fall: PSY 301 or PSY 311, PCS 309,
Cognitive Science block, Natural Science
block, plus 2 Electives
Winter: PBI 388, Natural Science block,
Humanities block, plus 2 Electives

From CEGEP (Other)
Fall: BIO 201, PSY 206, PMA 260,
Natural Science block or Elective, Elective
Winter: BIO 208, BIL 208, PSY 213,
PSY 301 or PSY 311, PMA 360, Natural
Science block or Elective

From High School
Fall: BIO 201, PSY 206, PMA 260,
Natural Science Block, Elective
Winter: PCS 207, PSY 301 or PSY 311,
PSY 213, PMA 360, Elective or Natural
Science block

Typical Third Year
From CEGEP (Science)
Fall: PBI 379, Natural Science block or
Elective, plus 3 Electives
Winter: PBI 380, Elective or Natural
Science block, plus 3 Electives

From CEGEP (Other)
Fall: PCS 309, PBI 379, Humanities
block, Cognitive Science block or
Elective, Elective
Winter: PBI 380, PBI 388, Cognitive
Science block or Elective, Natural
Science block or Elective, Elective

From High School
Fall: PCS 309, PBI 379, Cognitive
Science block or Elective, Humanities
block, Elective
Winter: BIO 208, BIL 208, PBI 380,
PBI 388, Cognitive Science block or
Elective, Elective

Typical Fourth Year
From High School or CEGEP
Fall: Natural Science block or Elective,
plus 4 Electives
Winter: Natural Science block or
Elective, plus 4 Electives
List of Courses

The following list includes courses which are normally offered by the department each year, as well as courses which are offered on a rotating basis. Those courses which are offered only irregularly are listed separately at the end of this section.

PSY 101  Introduction to Psychology I: Basic Processes  3-3-0
An introduction to the functioning and development of the basic cognitive processes: perception, learning, memory, thinking, intelligence and consciousness. Approaches and methods will also be discussed.

PSY 102  Introduction to Psychology II: Human Interactions  3-3-0
An introduction to motivation, emotion, and personality as factors in human functioning. Approaches, methodology, social psychology and abnormal psychology are also discussed.

PSY 203  Cognition and Motivation in Sport: Performance Enhancement  3-3-0
A systematic review of how individual factors influence and optimize sports performance. Major topics include introduction and research methods, personality, mood, motivation, learning and cognition. Both theory and application will be emphasized.

Students who have taken PSY 208 (Sports Psychology) cannot take this course for credit.
Prerequisite: PSY 101 or PSY 102
Corequisite: PSY 101 or PSY 102

PSY 204  The Social Psychology of Sport and Exercise  3-3-0
A systematic review of the social aspects and effects of sport and exercise. Major topics include introduction and research methods, audience effects, leadership, team cohesion, aggression in athletes and fans, bias in judging, and benefits and costs of sports and exercise participation.
Prerequisite: PSY 101 or PSY 102
Corequisite: PSY 101 or PSY 102

PSY 206  Personality  3-3-0
An examination of theories of personality based on the clinical approach, as illustrated by psychoanalytic and humanistic theories; and based on the psychometric and experimental approaches, as illustrated by trait and learning theories.

Students who have taken PSY 107 (Personality) or PSY 207 (Personality II) may not take this course for credits.
Corequisite: PSY 101 or PSY 102

PSY 210  Psychology of the Couple  3-3-0
This course is a survey of research on the psychology of the couple. Topics treated include: psychology of the female and male; factors in partner choice; bonding and love; commitment and contract; stages of coupling; divorce and recommitment. Psychodynamic, behavioural and systemic approaches to couple therapy will be examined.
Prerequisite: PSY 101 and PSY 102

PSY 213  Research Methods  3-2-2
Scientific bases of psychological theory; experimental and non-experimental research methods; data analysis; report writing; critical analysis of published articles. Class projects are conducted, statistically analyzed, and written up.
Students who have taken PSY 113 (Research Methods I) cannot take this course for credit.
Prerequisite: PMA 260 or Business (BMA 140 or BMA 141) or Physics (PHY 101) equivalent
Corequisite: PMA 360

PSY 214  Community Psychology  3-3-0
Community Psychology is the study and application of psychological solutions to community-based problems. Through an analysis of the reciprocal relationship between person and environment (clubs, churches, schools, neighborhood, larger culture) Community Psychology emphasizes action and interventions whose aim is to prevent problems in living, promote social-psychological competencies and improve people’s well-being. This course introduces students to the ways in which research and science intersect with the practical aspects of working successfully with people in their communities. Topics include the background and history of the field, community research methods, empowerment of disenfranchised groups, social support, cultural diversity, prevention, program evaluation and development of community intervention strategies.
Prerequisite: PSY 101 AND PSY 102

PBI 217  Motivation and Emotion  3-3-0
An exploration of the underlying causes of human behavior. Topics include hunger and eating, sex and love, aggression, drug use/abuse and higher-level behaviors (e.g. creativity, attaining peak performance, goal setting, self-regulation). The role of emotions in guiding behavior will also be addressed.
Prerequisite: PSY 101

PSY 219  Psychology of Gender  3-3-0
In this course, gender diversity, gender stereotypes and biases are exposed. The rape myths are debunked and sexual orientation is demystified. Gender comparisons in cognitive abilities and in social and personality characteristics are discussed. Other topics of interest include love relationships, sexuality, sexual harassment and assault, gender-based violence, as well as prevalence of specific mental health problems across gender. This course is a must for those who enjoy class discussions.
Students who have taken PSY 109 (Psychology of Women) cannot take this course for credit.
Prerequisite: PSY 101 or PSY 102
Corequisite: PSY 101 or PSY 102

PSY 222  Group Dynamics  3-3-0
This course introduces students to the principles and practices of group behavior, emphasizing dynamic processes (norms, roles, relations, development, social influence) which form a basis for group therapy as a branch of psychotherapy. Background, founders and key influences, contexts of use, techniques, methodology and current trends in group therapy will be discussed.
Prerequisite: PSY 101 and PSY 102

PSY 235  Child Development: Infancy to Middle Childhood  3-3-0
The foundations of child development. Topics include basic genetics, development of learning and cognition, socioemotional development, moral development and the classic theories of developmental psychology.
Students who have taken PSY 236 or PSY 237 cannot take this course.
Prerequisite: PSY 101 or PSY 102

PBI 241  Evolutionary Psychology  3-3-0
Evolutionary Psychology is the study of behavior founded within the framework of Darwin’s Theory of Evolution through Natural Selection. The purpose of this course is to introduce the students to the principles of Evolutionary Psychology and to investigate the adaptive origins of many common behaviors such as cooperation, mating strategies, parenting, aggression and dominance.
Students who have taken PBI 141 (Evolutionary Psychology) cannot take this course for credit.
Prerequisite: PSY 101

PSY 245  Fundamentals of Social Psychology  3-3-0
This course introduces students to the history, research techniques, and fundamental principles of the field of social psychology, including the basics of social affect, social cognition, and social behavior. Research on topics such as self and social identity, social perception, attitudes, social influence, and cultural psychology are discussed with an emphasis on learning the basic principles of the field.
Prerequisite: PSY 101 or PSY 102

PSY 246  Applications of Social Psychology  3-3-0
This course is a survey of applied topics in social psychology, including the application of social psychological principles to the understanding of attraction and close relationships, aggression, altruism, prejudice, morality, conflict, and political discourse.
Prerequisite: PSY 245

PSY 247  Lessons from the Marvel Universe  3-3-0
In this class we examine the psychology of storytelling in the Marvel universe and what it tells us about our own untapped superpowers. We explore issues of morality, identity, leadership, and learning by exploring how we can connect with literary and psychological theory in a close reading of the storytelling in the Marvel Universe. We will take a deep dive into characters such as Captain Marvel, Loki, Wanda, Black Panther, and Black Widow. Evaluation will be on collaborative participation, writing, and creative assignments.
Cross Listed with ENG 237

PMA 260  Psychological Statistics  3-2-1
Basic descriptive and inferential statistics developed from a conceptual perspective. Topics include measures of central tendency and variability, normal distribution, probability, confidence intervals, sampling distributions, hypothesis testing, power analysis, z-tests, t-tests and chi-square.
Students who have taken PMA 160 (Psychological Statistics I) cannot take this course for credit.
Students who have taken PHY 101 may not take this course for credit.
Students who have taken BMA 140 or BMA 141 do not need to take this course as well.
Contemplative Studies Minor

Pre or Corequisites: PSY 101 or PSY 102 or being admitted to Mindfulness & forms of meditation. The interest in Eastern philosophy and religion in the West is not a new phenomenon, but careful scientific examination of the techniques linked to some Eastern traditions, such as meditation and mindfulness, as well as their increasing use in psychotherapy, is relatively new. In this course we will introduce the basis Eastern traditions, such as meditation and mindfulness, as well as their increasing use in psychotherapy, is relatively new. In this course we will introduce the basis.

PSY 266  
Adult Development and Aging  
3-3-0  
An examination of psychological development during adulthood and old age. Research findings on age related changes in memory, health issues, adjustment, coping styles, and stress will be covered. Case studies will be used to explore various applications in society. 
Prerequisite: PSY 101 or PSY 102  
Corequisite: PST 101 or PST 102

PBI 275  
Health Psychology I  
3-3-0  
Introduction to health psychology and the biopsychosocial model of health. Topics include: methods of health research, obtaining care and following health advice, stress, pain, behavioural factors in health, alternative medicine, mental illness, global health issues. 
Prerequisite: PSY 101. It is highly recommended that students also take PSY 102

PBI 276  
Health Psychology II  
3-3-0  
Selected topics in health psychology: cardiovascular disease, cancer, chronic and terminal illness, preventing injuries, smoking tobacco, using alcohol and other drugs, diet and weight control, exercising, future projects. 
Prerequisite: PSY 101. It is highly recommended that students also take PSY 102

PSY 277  
Physical and Mental Health  
3-3-0  
This course will examine the mutual interaction between physical and mental health, using the biopsychosocial model as a conceptual framework. For example, depression as a factor in cardiovascular disease (and vice-versa), or the effect of diet upon behaviour disorders, will be explored with detailed attention to genetic, developmental, personality, lifestyle and social factors. Therapeutic interventions will also be covered, for example to compare the success of behavioural versus medical approaches in the treatment of depression. The course will include lectures and seminar presentations. 
Prerequisite: PSY 101. It is highly recommended that students also take PSY 102

PBI 288  
Brain and Behavior I  
3-3-0  
An introduction to physiological psychology and to the complex relationship between brain activity and human behavior. Topics include structure and function of the brain, the neuron, neurotransmitters, neuroscience research methods and the physiology of the sensory and motor systems. 
Students who have taken PBI 128 (Physiological Bases of Behavior I) may not take this course for credit  
Prerequisite: PSY 101

PSY 290  
Adolescence  
3-3-0  
An examination of developmental issues in the adolescent period and related clinical phenomena: environmental influences (family, school, peers) and intra personal concerns (identity, sexuality, moral development); clinical conditions such as depression (suicide), eating disorders, and delinquency. 
Prerequisite: PSY 101 and PSY 102

PSY 292  
Psychology of Music and the Fine Arts  
3-3-0  
This is an introductory course to the use of the arts, broadly defined, in clinical settings. Specifically, this course will explore the use of music and fine arts as clinical tools to improve wellbeing with adults and children, in a variety of settings (schools, hospitals, rehabilitation facilities, retirement homes, etc.). This introduction to the psychology of music and fine arts will explore key areas such as music and language, music/fine arts and emotion, as well as the applied psychology of music and fine arts in a range of social, health, educational and therapeutic contexts. The big questions in the field will be considered; such as the role of music and fine arts in our evolutionary history, whether some of us are ‘born musical/artistic’ and others are not, whether music and arts can make us smarter, or can encourage us to behave aggressively. 
Prerequisite: PSY 101 and PSY 102

PSY 293  
Multicultural Psychology  
3-3-0  
The place of culture in the evolution of psychology. Cultural similarities and differences in behaviour, thoughts, emotions, attitudes, motivations, mental and physical health, etc. Understanding that psychological principles can range from being universal to culture-specific. 
Prerequisite: PSY 101 and PSY 102

PSY 298  
Zen and the Brain  
3-3-0  
The interest in Eastern philosophy and religion in the West is not a new phenomenon, but careful scientific examination of the techniques linked to some Eastern traditions, such as meditation and mindfulness, as well as their increasing use in psychotherapy, is relatively new. In this course we will introduce the basis of Buddhist and Hindu thought and practice, and review critically the available literature on the neurophysiological and neuropsychological effects of different forms of meditation. 
Pre or Corequisites: PSY 101 or PSY 102 or being admitted to Mindfulness & Contemplative Studies Minor

PSY 301  
Abnormal Psychology  
3-3-0  
An introduction to the experimental approaches, diagnoses, classifications, viewpoints, and the therapeutic techniques used in abnormal psychology. The interaction between genetic predisposition and environmental stressors in the etiology of abnormal behavior will be emphasized. Various anxiety disorders (e.g., specific phobias), trauma and stress-related disorders (e.g., PTSD), obsessive-compulsive and related disorders (e.g., OCD), and psychotic disorders (e.g., schizophrenia), will be discussed. 
Prerequisites: PSY 101, PSY 102 and PSY 206  
Students who have taken PSY 341 (Abnormal Psychology) may not take this course for credit.

PSY 302  
Perception  
3-3-0  
Based on a rich array of perceptual demonstrations, this course provides a comprehensive overview of how our senses, mostly vision and audition, allow us to know and understand the world. Topics include physiology of the sensory systems, perceiving objects and faces, color, depth and motion perception, visual illusions, music perception, perceptual illusions and perceptual impairments. 
Prerequisite: PSY 101 and PBI 288

PSY 303  
Positive Psychology  
3-3-0  
Traditionally, when we think of psychology, and especially of clinical psychology, we think of mental illness and psychopathology. However, researchers and clinicians alike have recently been also interested in studying variables that make individuals flourish and thrive. What makes us happy? What roles do hope and optimism play in our overall well-being? Can keeping a gratitude journal have an impact on our outlook on life? All of these variables fall within the realm of positive psychology, which can be described as the study of factors that make people lead fulfilling lives. This class will present theory behind variables that are comprised within positive psychology, while providing a strong clinical and experiential component. 
Prerequisite: PSY 101 and PSY 102

PCS 305  
Cognition  
3-3-0  
Cognitive processes: language, memory, concepts, heuristics, the nature of thought, reasoning, problem solving, creativity, and anomalous beliefs. Students who have taken PCS 205 (Cognitive Psychology) cannot take this course for credit  
Prerequisites: PSY 101 and PSY 102 and PBI 288

PSY 306  
Advanced Theories of Personality  
3-3-0  
An advanced course focused on deepening knowledge of core aspects of personality theories. Topics will focus on the clinical aspects and the social implications stemming from personality theories. In addition, the role of statistical methodology (e.g., factor analysis) will be explored in terms of how personality dimensions are established. 
Prerequisites: PSY 101 and PSY 102, PSY 206, PSY 213

PCS 309  
Introduction to Python for Researchers  
3-3-0  
This course will teach the fundamentals of programming using the Python language in the context of conducting research in psychology, with an emphasis on cognitive psychology and cognitive neuroscience applications. The course will first cover how to break complex tasks into discrete logical steps, then address how to convert large raw data sets into smaller summary data sets ready for traditional statistical analysis. Students will also learn to use a primarily point-and-click programming environment designed around Python to quickly design basic experiments for research in psychology. 
Prerequisites: PSY 213 and PMA 260 or the Business (BMA 140 or BMA 141) or Physics (PHY 101) equivalents for PMA 260

PSY 311  
Psychopathology  
3-3-0  
This course is a continuation of PSY 301. Topics covered include: mood, personality, dissociative, somatic and eating disorders, as well as sexual dysfunctions and disorders of childhood and adolescence. 
Students who have taken PSY 341F (Abnormal Psychology) may not take this course for credit  
Prerequisites: PSY 101, PSY 102 and PSY 206

PSY 313  
Advanced Research Methods  
3-2-2  
Research methodology in the study of human behaviour. Formulation of the research proposal; presentation and discussion of results in APA format reports; factorial and correlational designs; computers in data analysis. Class and individual projects are conducted. 
Students who have taken PSY 215 (Research Methods II) cannot take this course for credit  
Prerequisites: PSY 213 and PMA 360
PSY 325 Independent Studies I 3-0-0
Theoretical or experimental work conducted under the direct supervision of two faculty members. The project and grading scheme needs to be approved beforehand by the Psychology Department.
Prerequisite: PSY 101 and PSY 102

PSY 326 Independent Studies II 3-0-0
Theoretical or experimental work conducted under the direct supervision of two faculty members. The project and grading scheme needs to be approved beforehand by the Psychology Department.
Prerequisite: PSY 101 and PSY 102

PSY 333 Psychology of Exceptional Development 3-3-0
A survey of various kinds of exceptionality in children, including intellectual disabilities, giftedness, speech and language differences, learning disabilities, hearing and vision impairments, behaviour disorders, health problems, and developmental disabilities. Students who have taken PSY 233 (Psy. of Exceptional Children) cannot take this course for credit
Prerequisite: PSY 101 and PSY 102

PSY 336 Interviewing 3-3-0
Interviewing techniques are explored by surveying various theories of change (psychoanalytic, existential, feminist, person-centered, cognitive-behavioral, reality, and postmodern). Emphasis is placed on the acquisition of both theoretical knowledge and practical skills that have direct relevance in applied settings. Class discussions, role-playing, and use of video clips are pedagogical tools enjoyed by students.
Students who have taken PSY 230 (Interviewing) cannot take this course for credit
Prerequisites: PSY 101, PSY 102 and PSY 206
Co-requisite: PMA 353 or permission of the instructor

PSY 337 Crisis Intervention 3-3-0
Engaging class discussions, guest speakers, role plays, videos and practice-based lectures provide a framework for understanding what constitutes a crisis, various types of crises and key elements of crisis assessment and intervention that are used in a variety of crisis situations. Specific crises examined include crises of lethality, conjugal violence, sexual assault, crises of loss and human-made disasters.
Students who have taken PSY 231 (Crisis Intervention) cannot take this course for credit
Prerequisites: PSY 101, PSY 102 and PSY 206

PSY 339 Madness & Film: Representations of Mental Illness in Current Psychiatry Nosology and Mainstream Cinema 3-3-0
While cinematic representations may conform to past or current psychiatric nosology, specific and unique portraits of mental disorders have also been associated with the film discourse. Film portrayals of psychopathology can then be based on scientific definitions but also in other perspectives such as historical interpretations, cultural beliefs, reassessments of character, creative malady views, big screen traditions, public appeal, marketing, authorship interpretations, or revisions and critiques vis-à-vis psychiatric nosology or societal control. This course will explore the visions and conceptualizations of behaviours considered to be within the realm of madness in film and within the spectrum of mental illness in the psychiatric field.
Prerequisites: PSY 301 or PSY 311 or ENG 287 or ENG 291 or ENG 282 or PHI 345

PSY 342 History of Psychology 3-3-0
An examination of the early conceptions of human nature that influenced psychology’s development. The course is presented in two parts, the first examining the nature of history and the history of science. The second part explores the conception of humanity in ancient texts from Homer, Sophocles, Plato, Aristotle, and Augustine.
Prerequisite: PSY 101, PSY 102. Open to those students entering their final undergraduate year

PSY 345 Family Therapy 3-3-0
A critical survey of major theories of family dynamics and family therapy, including psychoanalytic; existential, systemic, structural, and strategic approaches. The course also aims to further the student’s understanding of his or her own family system through individual and group exercises.
Prerequisite: PSY 101 and PSY 102

PSY 348 Social Development 3-3-0
An examination of the development of social relationships from childhood to adolescence, with a particular focus on peer relationships. This includes an examination of sociometrics, social-cognitive and emotional processes, bullying, morality, friendships and romantic relationships.
Pre or Corequisites: PSY 101 and PSY 102

PMA 353 Psychometrics and Psychological Testing 3-3-0
The course covers the development process and psychometric properties of typical psychological measurement tools, including norms, reliability, validity, and factor analysis. Critical examination of these properties for selected instruments and different research scenarios will be involved, and students will practice developing their own measurement tool.
Students who have taken PMA 223 (Psychometrics) or PSY 224 (Issues in Psychological Testing) cannot take this course for credit
Prerequisites: PSY 213 and PMA 260, or the Business (BMA 140 or BMA 141) or Physics (PHY 101) equivalents for PMA 260

PBI 361 The Psychology of Sexuality 3-3-0
Various aspects of human sexuality from a psychological perspective. Includes the following topics: sexuality in childhood, adolescence, and early through late adulthood; sex differences; androgyny; transsexualism; sexual dysfunction and sex therapy; sexuality in the chronically ill and disabled; homosexuality and bisexuality; historical and cross-cultural sexual attitudes and practices.
Prerequisite: PSY 101. It is highly recommended that students also take PSY 102

PBI 379 Neuropsychology 3-3-0
Neuropsychology is the study of the relationship between brain structures and behaviour. In this course we will explore the neuroanatomical correlates of both normal and abnormal behaviors in humans. Among the topics to be discussed are the behavioural sequelae of head injury, mood disorders associated with regional trauma and epilepsy, sex differences in cerebral organization, cerebral asymmetries, language and aphasia and the various disorders of perception. Depending on the interests of the students, special topics include dyslexia, alexithymia, Alzheimer’s disease, alcoholism and schizophrenia.
Students who have taken PBI 279 or BIO 279 (Neuropsychology) may not take this course for credit
Prerequisite: PSY 101, PBI 288 or permission of the instructor
**PBI 380  Psychopharmacology  3-3-0**

This course is designed to introduce students in psychology and the natural sciences to the field of psychopharmacology. Emphasis will be placed on the relationships between psychoactive drugs, their mechanisms of action in the nervous system, and human behaviour. Following an analysis of the principles of pharmacology and pharmacokinetics, as well as the mechanisms of drug tolerance and dependence, the cognitive, emotional and behavioural aspects of specific classes of drugs will be examined. These classes of drugs will include sedatives, hypnotics; stimulants; narcotics; psychotomimetics, psychedelics and hallucinogens. 

**Pre-requisite:** PSY 280 or BIO 280 (Psychopharmacology) may not take this course for credit

**Prerequisite:** PSY 101, PBI 288 or permission of the instructor

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**PBI 388  Brain and Behavior II  3-3-0**

The physiological bases of motivated behavior (sleep, sex, hunger and thirst), emotions, learning/memory and language. The focus is on normal physiology but some aspects of abnormal physiology (e.g. amnesia, anxiety, schizophrenia) will be addressed.

**Pre-requisites:** Either PSY 214 or PBI 280 and one of PBI 275 or PSY 301 or PST 337

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**PSY 389  Humanitarian Psychology: Mental Health, Psychosocial Support and Coordination in Humanitarian Settings  3-3-0**

The impacts of emergencies may be acute in the short term but can also undermine the long-term mental health and well-being of vulnerable populations. Therefore, one priority is to protect and improve people’s mental health and psychosocial well-being and to prevent or treat mental disorder, which requires coordinated action among government, community, and humanitarian actors. In this course, students learn mental health, psychosocial support and coordination strategies in humanitarian settings. For instance, how to organize psychological care and capacity building while advocating for the survival, well-being and preparedness of vulnerable populations. Key elements of mental-health assessment, intervention, preparedness and responses during acute phases and early reconstruction are discussed. Psychological and psychiatric interventions for problems such as sexual assault, loss, PTSD, outbreak, human-made disaster and protracted crisis are introduced.

**Pre-requisites:** PSY 101, PSY 102, and PBI 288

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**PSY 410  Psychology of Death and Dying  3-3-0**

Death is a human affair, not simply a biological one. Adopting an historical, existential-humanistic psychology perspective, the role of death and its impact on our lives will be examined. Texts from the ancient world will be read along with those written by psychologists (Fechner, James, Freud, Jung, Fromm, Erikson, Frankl, May, Rogers, Skinner, Kübler-Ross and Becker). Integrated throughout the course are contemporary texts drawn from journals and books by authors who have recorded their experiences with death and dying.

**Pre or Corequisites:** PSY 206 and PSY 336

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**PSY 420  Contemplative Practicum  3-0-3**

Mindfulness and contemplation are essential for intellectual, emotional and spiritual growth and insight. They facilitate deepening of self-knowledge and understanding of the world around us. In this course, students will get a chance to examine their selves, their minds and their surroundings from the first-person perspective. Each student, in consultation with the course instructor, will select a specific method of self-inquiry (e.g., meditation training, pilgrimage, artistic process) and devote to it approximately 50-70 hours of practice. The students will be required to keep a detailed diary of their experience describing the process, providing personal insights, comparative analysis, implications and impact of the experience on their lifestyle and philosophy. In addition, students will be encouraged to share their experiences with others during class discussions.

**Pre-requisites:** Being admitted to Mindfulness & Contemplative Studies Minor or permission of instructor

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**PSY 441  Advanced Applied Seminar  3-1-2**

As a link between Interviewing (PSY 336) and Applied Practicum (PSY 442), this course is taught as a series of student-led seminars on various clinical topics. Vigorous class debates, meaningful exchanges with guest speakers (from the community at large) and the opportunity to learn and apply basic interviewing skills with video tape feedback are all enriching aspects of this course. Students enrolled in a major program are welcome, providing that they have the prerequisites.

**Pre-requisites:** PSY 101, PSY 102, PSY 206, PMA 333 and at least 75% in PSY 336

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**PSY 442  Practicum  3-0-3**

Aimed at introducing students to psychology’s applied field while sensitizing them to its stakes, this course is completely practical and offers experiential learning opportunities. Students spend 6hrs/week under close supervision in one of a number of applied settings. Field placements are possible in hospital and school settings, various community organizations, senior citizens’ homes, life skills development centres, women’s centre, etc., and are assigned in accordance with students’ competencies and interests.

**Prerequisite:** PSY 441

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**PSY 443  History of Psychology Seminar  3-3-0**

A seminar course that examines the effects of the scientific revolution on our conception of mind and psychology. The seminars are based on the writings of the Rationalists (Descartes, Spinoza, Leibniz), Empiricists (Locke, Berkeley, Hume) and those that reflect the emergence of Evolutionary thinking and its influences on our concepts of mind/brain, consciousness, and the nature of human science. Students who have taken PSY 343 (History of Psychology II) cannot take this course for credit.

**Prerequisite:** PSY 342

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**PMA 460  Multivariate Statistics  3-3-0**

An examination of multivariate statistical approaches to research. Topics include multiple correlation, regression, partial & semipartial analysis, stepwise regression, statistical control, hierarchical modeling, multiple regression with categorical and continuous variables, analysis of covariance, and multivariate analysis of variance.

**Students who have taken PMA 261 (Multivariate Statistics) cannot take this course for credit**

**Prerequisite:** PMA 360

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**PSY 462  Qualitative Methods in Psychology  3-3-0**

This course provides students a conceptual understanding of qualitative research and their application in psychology. The course introduces major concepts and terms, and different qualitative methods including case studies, in-depth interview, participant observation, life histories (narratives) and ethnographies. It focuses on developing a theoretical understanding of qualitative methodology.

**Pre or Corequisites:** PSY 101 and PSY 102
PSY 477 Personality, Health and Well-being 3-3-0
An advanced seminar that undertakes a critical analysis of historical and contemporary theoretical perspectives on the role personality plays in physical and psychological well-being. General topics may include the contribution of personality to physical health and illness, the role of personality in stress and coping, the links among personality, health, and well-being across the adult lifespan, the role of personality in health and well-being in the context of personal relationships, and issues related to the assessment of personality and well-being. **Prerequisite:** PBI 275 or PBI 276

PSY 498 Honours Seminar 3-3-0
This seminar aims at exploring cutting-edge issues in Psychological Science. Selected topics from these areas are presented and critically discussed. The seminar will provide additional breadth in the field of psychology to students who wish to explore a topic outside of the traditional psychology courses. **Prerequisites:** PSY 101 and PSY 102

PSY 499F Honours Thesis 6-0-0
Under the guidance of two faculty advisors, the student will formulate a proposal for original research involving the collection of data, undertake the research, and report it both as a public talk and in the form of a thesis conforming to the publication style of the American Psychological Association. **Prerequisite:** Only open to Honours students (having already completed PSY 313 and PMA 360 with an average of 75 % or above) **Co-requisite:** PSY 498

Cognate Courses

These courses may count for Psychology credit.

BHR 221 Organizational Behavior 3-3-0

EDU 203 Educational Psychology 3-3-0

PHI 244 Philosophy of Mind 3-3-0

RSC 148 Psychology of Religion 3-3-0

Courses offered on an irregular basis.

PSY 285 Psychology of Reading and Reading Disability 3-3-0
The aim of this course is to consider the psychological processes involved when we read. In particular, the skills that are acquired, the mechanisms involved, and the abilities that are essential will be examined. Why some people fail to acquire reading skills will also be examined. Answers to this question will focus on theoretical approaches to reading disability, and to the question of why some methods of remediation are successful. **Prerequisite:** PSY 101 and PSY 102

PSY 309 Industrial and Organizational Psychology 3-3-0
This course introduces students to theories and applications of psychology to human resource concerns in organizations. Topics include: Personnel recruitment, selection, training and performance appraisal; motivation; work attitudes; leadership; group behavior; and other special topics (e.g., work related stress, applied ethics, and organizational conflict) **Students who have taken BHR 221 cannot take this course for credit** **Prerequisite:** PSY 101 and PSY 102

PSY 310 Psychology and Ethics 3-3-0
A wonderful way to learn how to think ethically in several areas of psychology. Students learn about the importance of fundamental ethical principles, values, theoretical and practical models of ethical decision-making and legal considerations, while engaged in the comparison of relevant ethics codes (with particular emphasis on the CPA code of ethics). Specialized topics include confidentiality, multiple relationships, the ethics of teaching, the ethics of counselling, the ethics of assessment, research ethics, and ethics in forensic settings. Class discussions are part and parcel of this course. **Prerequisites:** PSY 101 and PSY 102

PSY 330 Psychology and Ethics 3-3-0
A wonderful way to learn how to think ethically in several areas of psychology. Students learn about the importance of fundamental ethical principles, values, theoretical and practical models of ethical decision-making and legal considerations, while engaged in the comparison of relevant ethics codes (with particular emphasis on the CPA code of ethics). Specialized topics include confidentiality, multiple relationships, the ethics of teaching, the ethics of counselling, the ethics of assessment, research ethics, and ethics in forensic settings. Class discussions are part and parcel of this course. **Prerequisites:** PSY 101 and PSY 102

PSY 350 Environmental Psychology 3-3-0
Influence of the physical and cultural environment on behavior, including factors such as heat, noise, crowding, traffic, buildings and urban design. Costs and benefits of city and rural lifestyles. Technology and the working environment. Population, resources and environment. **Prerequisites:** PSY 101 and PSY 102

PSY 356 Forensic Psychology 3-3-0
This course provides broad overview of the issues and processes of Forensic Psychology. Topics include social/cognitive topics such as eyewitness testimony, jury decision making, and police procedures as well as abnormal/clinical topics such as the meaning of being unfit to stand trial, mentally disordered offenders and psychopathy. **Prerequisite:** PSY 101 and PSY 102

PSY 386 Psychology of Language 3-3-0
The aim of this course is to provide students with a broad introduction to psychological phenomena in language acquisition and use. The structure of language and speech will be described briefly. Emphasis will be placed on a number of topics, including; language development, perception of language, word meaning and semantic memory, syntax and discourse processing, language production, and conversational interaction, cultural influences and bilingualism, and language errors and disorders. **Prerequisites:** PSY 101 and PSY 102

PSY 408 Psychology of Consciousness 3-3-0
A critical examination of consciousness in scientific psychology. Major topics include the nature of consciousness (e.g., consciousness and brain, states of consciousness), the methodology for studying consciousness (e.g., introspection), and the function of conscious experience (e.g., free will, conscious processing in cognition). **Prerequisites:** PSY 101 and PSY 102